PRESIDENT TO IGNORE ODELL

IN PICKING NEW FEDERAL OF-FICEHOLDERS HERE.

Will Not Recognize the Governor-Chairman as State Boss-Mckinley Appointees to Be Retired When Their Terms End-Marcus Marks Foremost Candidate for Postmastership-Extra vession Now Is Considered Likely.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 .- In view of all that has occurred in the State of New York within the last two years, and because of the result in the State a week ago, Republicans of high and low degree are intensely interested in ascertaining what is to be the attitude of President Roosevelt toward the Republican organization of the State.

In the first place the President, according to those close to him, takes a keen personal interest in the character of the organization, and as a Republican he has felt at times almost a personal humiliation over the drift of affairs in his native State. President Rossevelt's friends go on to say that he realizes to the full the grave responsibilities which the tremendous vote of Nov. 8 have put upon him as the leader of the Republican party in the nation.

With Lincoln's first election in 1860 the country was already on the verge of the greatest civil war since the dawn of civilization. With President Roosevelt's overwhelming election of a week ago some of the President's friends seem to think the country is almost on the brink of a great social struggle which may have to be reckoned with in 1908. Other friends of the President quote him as saying that the Republican party is now in the top crest of the wave and that unless great care is exercised it may be, within two years, by a process of reaction, in the trough of the

sponsibilities, ill or well founded as they may be, feels the necessity of keeping his party together, not only in New York State, but in all other States which gave his Administration the recent colossal indorsement. There may be an analogy between President Cleveland's great victory in 1892 and President's Roosevelt's triumph on election day, 1904, and then again there may not be any at all. for the reason that the component parts of the Republican party and Democratic party are widely different. Yet President Roosevelt, his f. iends say,

has recalled on several occasions within the last few days that Mr. Cleveland either could not or would not bring his party together in one harmonious whole after the Democratic sweep of twelve years ago. President Roosevelt, his friends continue, believes that Mr. Cleveland did the very best he or any American citizen could have done with the elements with which he was forced to contend and with the heterogeneous and distorted notions of national government which permeated the rank and file and the warring leaders of the Democratic party.

President Roosevelt, so it is said by those in the White House circle, realizes that the Republican party is about to be confronted with widely divergent views as to what shall be done to bring about a revision of the tariff.

It has been recalled that Mr. Roosevelt as Vice-President in the summer of 1901 and President McKinley at Buffalo only a few hours before he was assassinated made certain public utterances on this highly important theme. Moreover, many

in Washington believe that fully 40 per cent. of the delegates to the Republican national convention at Chicago last summer were quite positive in their convictions that the tariff should be at once revised. President Roosevelt, it is said, is convinced that fully that proportion of the convention demanded revision.

Out of this situation has come within the last forty-eight hours the talk of a of Congress to be called next summer for the purpose of discussing tariff revision. Yet it may be announced that President Roosevelt is not to come to session until he has fully and exhaustively discussed the matter with the Republican leaders of his party in many of the States.

The best opinion at the moment is that the special session will be called, that there will be many heated debates between the "standpatters" and the "revisionists," but that the Republicans in the Senate will in the end side with the standpatters and that the extraordinary session of Congress will end in ozone and nothing more.

Still, as President Cleveland, in his last administration, was confronted by the demands of the warring leaders of his party, so is President Roosevelt now to be confronted by the demands of the Republicans of importance from the great Western States

It will be readily seen that the discussion of so important a subject and the ultimate verdict concerning it might easily become a vital factor in the Congress elections two years hence, and eventually in the present month.

The President, it is added, is convinced that the tariff and tariff legislation are to be the issues of the national struggle in 1908. Having issued his proclamation on election night, a week ago, that under no circumstances will he be a candidate in 1908, President Roosevelt, it is insisted, feels it incumbent upon himself to do everything within his power to hand over to his political legatee in that campaign as united and as

compact a party organization as possible. Recurring to the situation in New York State, word has gone out that inasmuch as President Roosevelt has declared that self in 1908, all Federal officeholders, not only in New York, but in other States, who may aptly be called "third termers" are to be retired as fast as their present terms expire. These are the men whom President McKinley appointed from March, 1897, to March, 1901, and whom President Roosevelt, on his accession, reappointed.

In this category are Robert A. Sharkey of Brooklyn, Naval Officer of the Port of New York; Gen. Henry L. Burnett, United States District Attorney for the Southern District of New York; William Henkel, United States Marshal at New York city; Internal Revenue Collectors Ferdinand Eidmann, Charles H. Treat, and many other

Federal officeholders. The terms of some of these officials do not expire for a year or more. All of those named are very highly regarded in Administration circles as men of the strictest personal integrity, political probity and topnotch executive ability. Yet it seems to be the intention to have a new deal all

hairman Odell of New York is not to be factor in determining the selections for Pederal preferment in the State. President Roosevelt, it was furthermore announced, will not name the new Postmaster for New fork city until after he has conferred with senator Platt, who is expected here within

city is far ahead in the race for the place.

Mr. Marks will not be appointed if Senator Platt is opposed to him. Mr. Marks, it is stated, has the hearty indorsement of Jacob H. Schiff, Isidor and Oscar S. Straus, James Speyer, Isaac Wallach, president of the Mount Sinai Hospital Association; Supreme Court Justice Samuel Greenbaum and Cornelius N. Bliss, treasurer of the Republican national committee, and many others, all of whom speak of Mr. Marks in the highest terms, not only concerning his personal and politcal relations, but for his business

and executive abilities. While on this subject of the Postmastership of New York city it may be announced that President Roosevelt has not for a moment considered the name of Wilbur F. Wakeman, but on the contrary has regarded Mr. Wakeman as impossible from the start. Some have overlooked the fact that it was President Roosevelt's then Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Shaw, who two years ago forced Mr. Wakeman to send him forthwith his resignation as Appraiser of the Port 2 New York.

President Roosevelt has a way of winking either his right or left eye, and sometimes he folks try to play gammon on him. President Roosevelt's intimates, speaking to-day of this habit, said that the President has winked his left and his right eye and both eyes many times within the last week, especially since he read in the New York city newspapers Governor-Chairman Odell's speech at Newburgh on election night, wherein Mr. Odell claimed the result in the State as a vindication of himself and of the policies of his administration. President Roosevelt, so far as is known, has made no comment on Mr. Odell's speech, but has contented himself by winking and

The President, however, is known to be an expert in analyzing election returns, and between winks and blinks, it should be said, the fearful slashing Mr. Higgins suffered in New York, Kings, Erie, Monroe, Onondaga, Albany, Rensselaer, Chautauqua, Dutchess, Fulton and Hamilton, Oneida, Saratoga, Suffolk, Broome, Delaware, Tioga, Orange, Schenectady, Washington, and Westchester counties has by no means escaped observation. The fact that President McKinley's plurality in New York State in 1900 was 175,929 and President Roosevelt's a week ago Tuesday was 176,-627, while Mr. Higgins was cut 96,000 votes in the State, has come in direct collision with Mr. Odell's statement that the result was a vindication of himself and his policies.

As one of the President's friends said to-day, and, by the way, he is the personal friend of Mr. Higgins. "If it hadn't been for the President we would have been skinned to death."

President Roosevelt, it may be added, is he personal friend of Governor-elect Higgins and is convinced that Mr. Higgins is to give New York State a good administration; and moreover the President, it was declared, is to consult with Mr. Higgins on many matters of importance.

An interesting bit came out to-day concerning Mr. Higgins's vote as head of the Canal Board at Albany for the Furnaceville Iron Company's claim. It was to the effect that several of Mr. Higgins's stanch Republican friends who believe firmly in him and his political future advised him, indeed, urged him, not to vote for the Furnace ville Iron Company's claim, and that Mr. Higgins is to be very much more careful in the future concerning requests that come from Mr. Odell and Mr. Odell's friends.

It should not be inferred that President Roosevelt is not to talk over Republican matters in New York State rith Governor-Chairman Odell but, as a eady said, the Governor-Chairman is not 'o be a factor in determining the select. is for Federal place, and moreover it can be announced that the peremptory information is to the effect that President Roosevelt is not to recognize Mr. Odell as "State Boss."

There is no mistake about the nature of this information. The President, it was made known to-day, has been gratified and ed with the work put up in the State in the campaign by the Republican League Club, of which John A. Stewart is president The clubs in the league under the guidance of Mr. Stewart did effective work with first and other voters, and President Roosevelt has been impressed with the strenuous labors of the club organization in the Empire State. One of the tidbits discussed here is the result in Representative Littauer's bailiwick of Fulton and Hamilton. In the former county Mr. Higgins was cut 649 votes, while in Hamilton McKinley's plurality of 140 in 1900 was cut to 60 for Roosevelt this year, and whereas Odell carried the county by 119 in 1900 Herrick

carried it this year by 150. There are many more similarly interesting features to be observed after consulting the returns from the Odell districts in the State. It may not be out of place to record at this time the grave concern with which Republicans of the highest eminence here view the prospective expenditure of the \$101,000,000 canal fund in New York State. This work is to be accomplished principally under the State Superintendent of Public Works and the

State Engineer and Surveyor. It is the opinion that unless the keenest judgment and greatest care are exercised the expenditure of this colossal fund will be attended by widespread scandal and cor ruption, which in the end will accomplish definitely and finally the work which was

begun against Odellism on Nov. 8. The President's friends are convinced that the result of the elections in Maryland and Missouri were a complete indorsement of his negro policy; while the election of Folk, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Missouri, was a tribute to the universal demand of the America nvoter, irrespective of party, for honesty in politics. And speaking further on this highly

interesting theme it may be announced that Collector Stranahan, Surveyor Clarkson and Appraiser Whitehead of the port of New York are to be retained by President Roosevelt as complete examples of compe-

Clear weather again took possession of the country east of the Rocky Mountains yesterday. An area of low pressure was moving inland from the north Pacific Coast, causing rain in the Pacific States. The high pressure area centred over the Tennessee, Valley, causing cooler weather in the South and warmer weather in the North. Freezing temperatures were reported in the States west of the Mississippi, west to the mountains, south to the Arkansas Valley and thence east to Tennessee and Georgia.

Tennessee and Georgia. In this city it was slightly cooler in the morning and warmer in the afternoon; weather, clear; winds, west to southwest and brisk; average humidity, 58 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M.; 30.23; 3 P. M., 30.16.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the

The lowest temperature, 86°, at 8 A. M. WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia fair to-day and to-morrow; light variable winds,

For New England, fair to-day and to-morrow fresh southwest to south winds.

For western Pennsylvania and western New York,
generally fair to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh

south winds
For New Jersey, fair to-day and to-morrow; It it can be definitely announced that Kucht variable winds becoming south

tent officials of the highest type of personal and political integrity

Very great disratisfaction is expressed here over the type of men with whom Governor-Chairman Odell has surrounded himself in New York city and elsewhere in the State, and the only solution of the matter is found in the ancient maxim, "like master like man

Finally, not only is President Roosevelt not to recognize Mr. Odell as "State Boss," but it may also be announced that Senator Platt is to pull a strong oar with Governorelect Higgins in return for the 38,000 letters which Mr. Platt sent out to his friends in support of Mr. Higgins, and as a last line t may be reiterated that President Roosevelt winks and blinks quite a good deal more swiftly every time he recalls Mr. Odell's gammon speech at Newburgh on election night that the result in the State was a vindication of himself as Governor-Chairman of the Republican party and organization in the State.

ODELL IN WASHINGTON. Will See the President To-day-Not on Politics, He Says.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 .- Gov. Odell arrived n Washington to-night at 8:30 olock and went immediately to the Arlington Hotel. He was accompanied by Mrs. Odell. The President was giving a State dinner to-night, so the Governor did not go to the White House. Mr. Odell said he did not come to Washington for the purpose of talking politics or taking any hand in the New York Postmastership, but was on his way to Old Point Comfort for a rest. He will, however, call on the Presiden to-morrow morning, but merely, he said, t pay his respects. Gov. Odell denied him self to callers after 9 o'clock, saying he was about to retire for the night.

LEADER HANBURY TURNED DOWN He Had Been Friendly to Odell-Brooklyn Republicans Surprised.

Republican politicians in Brooklyn go surprise yesterday by the news that Shipping Commissioner and ex-Congressman Harry A. Hanbury had been deposed as executive committeeman from the Seventh Assembly district and James R. Connell, assistant cashier in the Brooklyr Bureau of the State Department of Excise chosen in his place. The unhorsing of Han-bury as the Republican leader in the big South Brooklyn district, in which there were over 20,000 registered voters this year, was accomplished by a vote of six to five of the delegates to the county commit-

Most of the election district captains were in favor of the retention of Hanbury as the leader, and his displacement is likely in the organization. to cause a rumpus in the organization.
The weakening of Hanbury's political
props began four or five months avo,
when he showed an inclination to take his when he showed an inclination to take his orders in regard to the management of the party in Kings county from Governor-Chairman Odell instead of Timothy L. Woodruff. It is understood, however, that Mr. Woodruff has taken no part in the factional hostilities which resulted in his displacement. Col. Michael J. Dady and Mr. Hanbury were long bitter political foes and although acting apparently in harand, although acting apparently in har-mony for the last three or four years have never been fully reconciled. Col. Dady is not likely to shed many tears over Gowanus statesman's downfall.

KILLED TINKERING PISTOL. Ward Found Dead in Flat Where He Lived

Alone Suicide Not Suspected. Thomas J. Ward, 55 years old, of 256 Henry street, was found dead in the three room flat, where he lived alone, with a builet through his head early yesterday afternoon. He had been out during the morning and talked with several persons, who

say he was in his ordinarily cheerful spirits At 2:30 o'clock Mrs. Mary Snyder, a woman who lives in the house and served his meals went to the flat, and found the door locked. She could get no response to knocking, so she summoned Policeman Lawton of the Madison street station, who broke in the

door
Ward was found lying on his bed, his
feet hanging to the floor. At his feet lay
a .38-calibre revolver, which, the police
believe, he was examining when it was
believe, he was examining when it was accidentally discharged. Police Captain Shaw says that a side clutch on the revolver was defective and that it showed marks

was defective and that it showed marks as if an effort had been made to repair it.

Ward kept a saloon at Henry and Montgomery streets from 1860 until five years ago, when he retired from business. He was well known in the neighborhood and was reputed to have considerable money. In the flat about \$5,000 worth of railroad stock certificates and bonds was found.

He was a lifelong friend of Former Coroner Fitzpatrick, who says Ward would not have committed suicide, as he was a devout Catholic. He is said to have two sisters living at Bridgeport, Conn.

WATCHMAN SHOT DEAD. Reading Railway Employee Murdered in Car at Doylestown, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15 .- The body of Walter Suber, a Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company watchman at the Doylestown yards, was found lying across two overturned seats in an empty passenger coach at that place to-day. There was one bullet wound in his left temple and another in his right hand. Above the head, in the woodwork of the car, a bullet was found embedded.

woodwork of the car, a bullet was found embedded.

There must have been a severe struggle before Suber was killed. Every seat in the car was overturned, windows were broken and blood was spattered about thickly. A pistol was picked up several yards from where the victim's body lay.

Robbery was evidently the motive of the crime. A gold watch and pin were gone from the body, and of the man's pay, which he had drawn yesterday, only one cent remained. About half a dozen employees of the company were at the Doylestown station and in the yards all night, yet none heard sounds of shots and struggle.

Suber was killed with his own revolver, which he had purchased only a few days ago. The mark of the bullet in the left hand showed that he had grasped the muzzle of the pistol when his murderer fired. The shot that killed him was fired so close that hair and flesh were burned at the temple. The Reading has its best private detectives on the case. The Reading has its best private detective on the case. Suber was the son of the line

HOUSE HALTED IN STREET. It's Moving Again Now, After Hundreds

After being halted five weeks and fo that length of time obstructing the roadway at Pitkin and Rockaway avenues. East New York, a three story tenement house owned by I. Geltman, a real estate speculator, is again on the move, the Brook-lyn Rapid Transit and the New York and New Jersey Telephone companies having cut their web of wires early yesterday morning to admit of the building's passage. morning to admit of the building's passage.

In all more than two hundred wires have been severed and replaced, including those of the police and fire departments, since the building began its journey from the former site, 91 Osborne street, to the proposed one, a lot at Pitkin avenue and Amboy street, a quarter of a mile distant.

Geltman says the trip has already cost twice as much as the tenement is worth.

SAN JUAN, Nov. 15 .- Gov. Winthrop wil sail for New York to-morrow. To-night the leaders of the National, Republican and Democratic parties, merchants and a number of prominent foreigners gave banquet in his honor. The speakers praised Gov. Winthrop's policy and expressed can Navy League has been organized here. unlimited confidence in his administration F. B. Blake is chairman.

GRAND PRIZE

AWARDED TO

ESTERBROOK'S Steel Pens

St. Louis Exposition

AGAINST LEWISOHN.

COURT OF APPEALS UPHOLDS THE DOWLING LAW.

cution on Ground That He'd Incriminate Himself-His Lawyer Is Not Yet Ready to Decide on Appeal.

ALBANY, Nov. 15 .- Jesse Lewisohn of New York city again was defeated by the Court of Appeals to-day in his efforts to thwart District Attorney Jerome's attempt to compel him to testify against Richard A

This last effort to secure Mr. Lewisohn's testimony was made by the District At-torney under the provisions of the Dowling law, passed by the last Legislature at the instance of District Attorney Jerome, which provides that witnesses in gambling prosecutions shall not be excused from testifying upon the ground that their testimony would tend to incriminate them, but extending to such witnesses immunity from prosecution. The lower court ordered Lewisohn com-

mitted for refusing to answer questions whether he had ever been in Canfield's clubhouse in Fast Forty-fourth street and whether he had ever seen Canfield there or played roulette there himself.

There was no opinion written in the Court of Appeals and the effect of the Court of Appeals affirmance of the order of the lower court is to declare the Dowling law constitutional

District Attorney Jerome was unwilling o say much about the decision until he had

read it.

"This question has already been decided "This question has already been decided by the United States Supreme Court," he said. "The law is in the identical language of the statute that has been upheld by the United States Supreme Court, and I did not believe that the Court of Appeals of this State would put any other construction on it."

on it."

Alfred Lauterbach, counsel for Lewisohn, said: "If the opinion of the Court of Appeals is unanimous, there will probably be no appeal. Of course, I cannot say anything definite until I have seen the decision. I will say, however, that if there is no appeal Mr. Lewisohn will be advised to go before the Grand Jury and tell vised to go before the Grand Jury and tell what he knows."

what he knows."

The proceeding in which Lewisohn declined to answer whether or not he had been in Canfield's gambling house was before Justice Wyatt in Special Sessions on Dec. 18. Under the statute Lewisohn was assured of immunity, and the evidence he gave could not be used against him. He declined to answer on the ground that the Constitution protected him in refusing to give testimony against himself in any criminal proceeding. He was held in contempt. Justice Scott of the Supreme Court held that he must answer. The Appellate Division reversed Justice Scott.

Assistant District Attorney Gans, who

Division reversed Justice Scott.

Assistant District Attorney Gans, who argued the case for Mr. Jerome, received many congratulations yesterday. Mr. Jerome refused to say what he intended to do with the Canfield case. It will probably be resubmitted to the Grand Jury.

Lewisohn was in town yesterday. A confield said that he to friend of Mr. Canfield said that he, too.

FORECLOSES ON WEDDING RING. riage Wants His Money Back.

Mullica, the young daughter of Felice Mullica, a prosperous bootblack living at 347 Palisade avenue, Jersey City, got married a year ago the young man confessed to

Mullica offered to start them housekeeping. He had previously bought the bride's wedding ring, trousseau and other things, and the son-in-law promised to pay for them just as soon as he got the spare cash. Mullica took a chattel mortgage on every stick of furniture and all the things purchased for the bride, including the wedding ring. Valvano couldn't meet the mortgage when it fell due, and his father-in-law began foreclosure proceedings.

when it fell due, and his father-in-law began foreclosure proceedings.

Mullica secured a writ of replevin in the Second District Court yesterday, and Constable Joseph Locke went to the Valvano apartments in Mullica's house to seize the chattels, to wit., one iron bed one wedding dress, one bridal veil, one lady's coat, one wedding ring, one kitchen stove, two pairs of lace curtains and other things. The constable seized everything mentioned in the papers, excepting the young wife's ring. He asked her to take it off, but Mrs. Valvano began to cry, and he fled before the flood and her husband's indignation.

Valvano has retained Lawyer Patrick Dooley to help him get his wife's personal property back. The case will come up before Judge Irwin on Nov. 23.

UNDERTAKERS' ELECTION BET. 'You're a Dead One," Says Graham, and Boyd Took a Ride in a Hearse.

Early in the summer, William J. Boyd, who has an undertaking establishment at 189th street and Webster avenue, and John Graham, who is in the same business at 720 Tremont avenue, made a rather

at 720 Tremont avenue, made a rather grewsome bet on the election. It was paid yesterday afternoon. After luncheon Graham drove his hearse to Boyd's shop and singling, out the proprietor, said:

"Boyd, you're a dead one. It's about time you took your ride."

With that Graham and a pair of husky assistants picked up Boyd, carried him out of the shop and stretched him out in the hearse. The curtains of the rig were raised so that all could see. Graham drove Boyd all around The Bronx for an hour. Then all hands adjourned to a roadhouse near their places of business. They were still setting 'em up at a late hour. still setting 'em up at a late hour.

ANOTHER STRIKE AT HAVRE. Steamships Now Being Loaded Under Police Protection.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN HAVRE, Nov. 15 .- The dock laborers struck to-day and the steamships are being loaded under police protection.

It was only last month that a strike of dock laborers, which began in Marseilles and extended to Havre, and that finally included even the officers of steamships, came to an end, after lasting forty days and costing the city of Marseilles alone traces one. It was then considered that the strikers and the employers had reached an agree-ment as to terms of employment which would

American Navy League in London. Special Cable Despatch to TRE SUN. LONDON, Nov. 15 .- A branch of the Ameri-

PLATT'S BUCKWHEAT CAKES.

DEPEW CHIEF SPEAKER AT THE

Ple and Clder on the Menu-Neither Odell Nor Higgins There-Tim Woodruff Was and Many of the State Office holders-Praise Given to Roosevelt.

SENATOR'S BREAKFAST.

Owego, N. Y., Nov. 15. - Owego has never held more notable politicians than came to-day in response to Senator Thomas Collier Platt's invitation to his buckwheat breakfast at the Ahwaga House. Statesmen, from United States Senators to Members of Assembly, were in evidence in the lobby of the hotel all the morning and a constant procession flowed in and out of Senator Platt's room.

Gov. Odell was not in evidence, neither was Governor-elect Higgins, the latter Among the guests were:

Among the guests were:

Senator and Mrs. Depew, Sereno E. Payne,
Louis F. Payn, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sloat Fassett, Col. G. W. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. Robert
C. Morris, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Eno, L. E.
Quigg, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Eno, L. E.
Quigg, Mr. and Mrs. George R. Sheldon,
Lieutenant-Governot-elect M. Linn Bruce,
ex-Gov. Frank S. Black and Mrs. Black,
Timothy L. Woodruff, Mr. and Mrs. Frank
M. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Horace White,
Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Murray, N. V. V.
Franchot, Julius Mayer, Henry A. Van
Alstyne, Otto Kelsey, Mr. and Mrs. Job E.
Hedges, William N. Cohen, Edward Lauterbach, T. A. Reddish, Col. R. L. Fox, Archie E.
Baxter, Hamilton Fish, N. N. Stranahan.
The dozen Senators and Senators-elect
present included Frank J. Gardner of
Brooklyn and Martin Saxe.
At 11:30 o'clock the orchestra began to
play and Senator and Mrs. Platt descended
the stairs followed by Senator and Mrs.
Depew and other notables. They were
soon seated at the tables, which were set
with cider in pitchers, crullers, ginger
cookies, mince pie, apple pie, pumpkin
pie, tomato pickles, baked beans served in
the dishes in which they were baked with
pork in the centre.

The dishes served after the guests were
seated were baked apples, venison steak,
creamed potators huckwheat cakes, saus-

seated were baked apples, venison steak, creamed potatoes, buckwheat cakes, saus-

creamed potatoes, buckwheat cakes, sausage, maple syrup.

The tables were decorated with pyramids of small pumpkins, crookneck squash, ears of corn and sheaves of wheat, and the dining room was trimmed with evergreen.

Senators Depew and Platt, J. Sloat Fassett and Timothy L. Woodruff were among the speakers. The first named said in part:

speakers. The first named said in part:

What elected Roosevelt? The answer is as clear as revelation: Roosevelt elected Roosevelt. No personality in American public life ever stood out so distinct in individual characteristics, in emphasis of traits peculiarly his own and in outspoken confidences with the whole people like President Roosevelt. The qualities which his enemies caricatured or anathematized were the ones which endeared him to his countrymen. He holds his commissiof freer from pledges or obligations, except to the people who elected him, than any of his predecessors. This election teaches the thoughtfulness and independence of the people. It is no accident which gives this phenomenal majority to Roosevelt. It is no accident which elects Democratic Governors in Minnesota and Massachusetts by almost the same majority as Roosevelt receives. It is an admonition and a warning to the party in power that the new Governor of Massachusetts, in a State which has been Republican so long, will have an enormous patronage.

Republican so long, will have an patronage.

Now, my friends, what of the future? Upon the ruins of the disintegration of the Democratic party will arise an organization built up by able and resourceful agitators whose appeal will be to discontent. It must be our task that there shall be a minimum of discontent and a maximum of satisfaction. President Roosevelt's announcement that he will not be a candidate for reelection clears the political skies in our domestic affairs the political skies in our domestic affairs and gives to us a great President, free to exercise an independent and courageous judgment for the great policies, progress and position of the United States.

Among the leters of regret was one from Gov. Odell, written on the letterhead of the Newburgh grocery company.

Senator Platt received a great ovation as he rose to speak and it was several min-utes before he could proceed. He read his

speech from typewritten copy in a clear strong voice.
Mr. Platt declared that they were here
to eat a platter of buckwheat cakes in honor
of President Roosevelt and added that there was great virtue in buckwheat. He congratulated the gentlemen present on their splendid victory and said that the coming session of the Legislature would have important questions to settle, among Senator Depew. He then paid a tribute to Senator Depew, which was enthusiastically

eceived.

J. Sloat Fassett said that he came as so J. Sloat Fassett said that he came as so many had come to their host, after pie. He declared himself to be the original of the "Amen Corner Sunday school class" and said that while he was then accused of wearing the collar of the "boss" it had been since demonstrated that it had been as frequently a "turn down" as a "stand up." Timothy L. Woodruff received one of the heartlest receptions of the day and responded by warning the party against sponded by warning the party against factionalism. Congressman Payne made a remark about Senator Depew's successor and turning and looking at Depew said, "I think I see him now."

of Thayer Bros. & Co., stock brokers, of 52 Broadway, died yesterday of peritonitis, following an attack of pneumonia, at his home 183 Washington Park, Brooklyn, in his forty-sixth year. He belonged to a Revolutionary family, and in boyhood moved with his fam-ents from Buffalo to Brooklyn. He was educated at Adelphi College and early in life began an active business career. He was connected with the United States Express Company for fifteen years, most of the time

connected with the United States Express Company for fifteen years, most of the time as manager of the foreign department. On retiring from the express company he went into the stock brokerage business with his brother, N. Townsend Thayer. Mr. Thayer had a fine country home at Allenhurst, N. J., and for many years had been regarded as one of its leading residents. He took a warm interest in the affairs of the town and had served as one of its councilmen for several years. He was a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Crescent Athletic Club of the Stock Exchange. He was a thirty-second degree Mason and a Mystic Shriner. He is survived by a wife, a brother and a sister. The funeral services will be held at his late home to-morrow evening.

Robert Colby, son of the late Gov, Anthony Celby of New Hampshre and one of the earliest members of the New York Stock Exchange, died yesterday morning at his residence, 22 East Twenty-third street, after an illuess of two weeks. He was so years of age Mr. Colby was born in New London, N. H., and graduated from Dartmouth. He studied law with Judge Perley in Concord, practised in Boston, and was elected to the State Legis'ature from that city. Shortly after his marriage to Mary Colgate, daughter of the late William Colgate of this cty and sister of the late James B. Colgate, Mr. Colby came to this city. In 1860 he became a member of the fine James B. Colgate, Mr. Colby came to this city. In 1860 he became a member of the flate James B. Colgate, Mr. Colby came to this city. In 1860 he became a member of the late James B. Colgate, Mr. Colby came to this city. In 1860 he became a member of the late James B. Colgate, Mr. Colby came to this city. In 1860 he became a member of the late James B. Colgate, Mr. Colby came to this city. In 1860 he became a member of the late James B. Colgate Chapel, where he taught a class Sunday afternoons for twenty years. He leaves a son, William Colgate Colby, two daughters, May and Jessie, and a sister, Mrs. James B. Colgate.

May and sesse, and a size, plas, saines B. Colgate.

The Rev. William B. Coleman, pastor of St. George's Church, in Utica, was stricken with paralysis on the street on Monday night, and died two hours later in a hospital. Dr. Coleman was in his fifty-third year. He was made descon in the Episcopal Church in 1876 and priest in 1877 by Bishop Williams. He was rector of Christ Church in Hartford, Conn., for a short time, and then, until 1882, he was rector of a church in Collinsville, Conn. In June, 1882, he came to Utica to be assistant to the Rev. William T. Gibson, D. D., rector of St. George's. On the retirement of Dr. Gibson in 1883 the Rev. Mr. Coleman was made rector, and this position he had illed since. Three brothers of the Rev. Mr. Coleman survive, Charles of Erie, Pa.; George of New York and Oliver of Lincoln, Ga.

of New York and Oliver of Lincoln, Ga.

Isaac S. Platt, who was born in this city
on Jan. 5, 1884, and was long president of the
firm of Adriance, Platt & Co., manufacturers
of harvesting and agricultural implements,
died suddenly vesterday morning at his home,
to East Sixty-second street. He invented
several improvements of harvesting machines, Mr. Platt was last at his desk on
Saturday. His wife died on Nov. 2. He
leaves a son and two daughters. He was
a brother of John R. Platt, who sued the
paggress Hannab Elies.

W.&J.SLOANE

OUR resident buyers in the Orient are constantly securing the most beautiful specimens of Eastern handicraft. Our complete new stock of

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BROADWAY & 19th STREET

GIRL ATTACKED IN DAYLIGHT.

FIGHTS MAN OFF WITH HATPIN. AND CROWD CHASES HIM.

Pursuit Through Parks and Streets of Paterson Ends in the Passale River, Where the Assaliant Is Selzed After a Lively Tussle in the Water.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 15 .- The fashionable east side section of the city was stirred up this morning by an attempted assault by Frank Speer, a young married barber, on Miss Ella Anderson of 505 Park avenue, an amateur actress. The attempted assault took place in an open piece of ground between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues, which is used as a short cut to East Thirty-third street and Vreeland avenue.

Miss Anderson was on her way about 10:30 'clock, to transact some business on East Thirty-third street, and had reached about the centre of the plot, where it is quite thickly covered with bushes, when she was accosted by Speer. She repulsed him, and then, she says, he grabbed her by the throat and threw her to the ground. While screaming at the top of her voice, Miss Anderson succeeded in removing her hatpin from her hat and jabbed him several times in the face, compelling him to relinquish his hold.

She jumped to her feet, scrambled through the shrubbery, with her clothing half torn from her body and managed to attract the attention of Abram S. Yeomans a letter carrier, who had just turned into Vreeland avenue

Yeomans called to a gang of painters who were at work on the house of James Bond near by. They started in pursuit of Speer, who made off as soon as he heard the postman's calls. The postman, noting the direction Speer was taking, called across the fields to the driver of a delivery wagon to head off the fugitive.

By this time the neighborhood had been aroused by the chase after Speer, who attempted to escape by going through the Eastside Park. The posse nearly lost him in the pleasure grounds, but got sight of him again as he made his way down of him again as he made his way down the terraces, across the cricket grounds and along the bank of the Passaic River. Speer led his pursuers for half a mile. Then three of the painters, headed by their employer, Charles Tuck, drew close to him. Speer then took to the icy waters of the river. Tuck followed him in and caught him. Speer put up a fierce fight, but Tuck, who is a powerful man, soon dragged

who is a powerful man, soon dragged him to shore.

The crowd that had gathered wanted to deal harshly with him, but cooler heads prevailed and he was taken to Park avenue and East Thirty-third street, where a call

and East Thirty-third street, where a call was sent in for the police reserves. To add further to the excitement, the Park police had captured two Italians with shotguns, who had in their possession dead park birds and squirrels.

When Speer was called up before the Recorder he was shivering with cold from his icy bath, with blood oozing from the scratches made by Miss Anderson's hatpin, he presented a pitiable spectacle. Miss Anderson was so wrought up that she was unable to appear against Speer to-day. He was sent to jail on a charge of disorderly conduct, and to-morrow Miss Anderson will prefer a more serious charge against him.

The Italians who were arrested for killing squirrels in the park were fined \$50

The Rahans who were arrested for killing squirrels in the park were fined \$50 each, in default of which they were committed to jail. Park Superintendent James McCollum, who has been training the squirrels for the past ten years to eat out of children's hands, says that the killing of the continues this morning but has the work squirrels this morning put back the work

KING CARLOS VISITS ENGLAND He and Queen Amelie Go to Windsor—How

They Are to Be Entertained. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Nov. 15.-King Carlos of Portugal and Queen Amelie arrived from Lisbon via Paris on their visit to England to-day. They crossed from Cherbourg on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, which had

met them there last evening. They spent the night on board the yacht and crossed the Channel escorted by four British cruisers and two destroyers. At Portsmouth the royal yacht was boarded sitors to England in the name of King

The royal party is to leave Portsmouth by

King Carlos and Queen Amelie are to stry at Windsor Castle until Nov. 21. A state banquet will be given there in their honor to-morrow evening. On Thursday they and their royal entertainers will pay a take luncheon with the Lord Mayor at the Guildhall. The streets through which they pass will be lined with troops.

At Windsor Castle, on Nov. 17, Beerbohm Tree, "by command," will give a performance of "A Man's Shadow," the cast being drawn from the company now playing at His Majesty's Theatre, London. On Nov. 18, Lewis Waller, Miss Evelyn and the Imperial Theatre company will give a performance of "Monsieur Beaucaire" at the castle.

castle.

At the termination of their visit to Windsor the Portuguese King and Queen will be the guests of the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire at Chatsworth and will then go to Welbeck Abbev on a visit to the Duke to Welbeck Abbey on a visit to the Duke to Welbeck Abbey on a visit to the Duke and Duchess of Portland. Altogether they will stay in England for about three weeks. It is said that during their visit a treaty of arbitration between Portugal and Great Britain will be signed.

MR. VAN COTT LEFT ONLY \$800.

Richard Van Cott obtained letters of adninistration yesterday from Surrogate Fitzgerald on the estate of his father, Postmaster Van Cott, who died on Oct. 25. The son says that the late Postmaster owned no real estate and had but \$800 in personal property. A search for a will proved

THE liftle chap who with vivid imagination plays he's a Russian to-day or a Japto-morrowis, without knowing it, a little Tartar — clothes con-sidered. We never forget that in all his battles his suit must bear the brunt, and accordingly make it of strong cloth with lots of reinforcing.

Boys Suits in newest styles. \$5 to \$14, according to the boy and

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE!

SHOT DEAD ON THE STREET.

SUNDAY CAROUSE IN WILLIAMS. BURG ENDS IN A MURDER.

Andrew Jager, a Truck Briver, Spends Day With Friends and Then Returns to Pick a Quarrel-John Bourke Inter-fered and Was Killed for Doing It.

John Bourke, 35 years old, who boarded with the family of William Watson at 141 Ten Eyck street, Williamsburg, and was formerly employed as a baggagemaster for the New York Central Railroad, was shot and instantly killed on the sidewalk in front of his home vesterday afternoon by Andrew Jager, a truck driver, 21 years old, who lives with his widowed mother at 208 North Eighth street.

and his wife. He went there Saturday night with \$20 and remained over Sunday. He spent nearly all his money, and when he set out for his home Monday morning he was still suffering from the effects of excessive drinking. He returned to the Watson house yesterday morning and accused Watson and Bourke of being prejudiced against him and seeking to do him

Watson laughed at Jager's accusations. whereupon Jager attacked him. Mrs. Watson and Bourke separated the men, and as Jager left the house he declared that he was going to cause trouble before the day was over.

He went to a pawnshop and purchased a .38-calibre revolver and a box of cartridges, and at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon he returned to the Watson home. He picked a quarrel with Bourke and invited him to come outside and have it out. and while Burke was standing on the sidewalk in front of the door Jager drew the revolver and began to shoot. The first bullet grazed Bourke's left cheek, the next two shots struck the door, and the fourth entered the man's brain under the right eye. Bourke fell back dead.

eye. Bourke fell back dead.

Jager ran down Ten Eyek street in the direction of Union avenue. He was followed by three cops, one of whom, Policeman Wilkinson, arrested him in Union avenue near Maujer street, and also disarmed him. The prisoner, who appeared to be calm, declared that he had killed Bourke and that was all to be said about it.

Jager was taken back to where his victim's lifeless body lay and then taken to the Stagg street police station, where he admitted to Capt. Hayes that he had killed Bourke and said his reason for so doing was because Bourke had tried to harm him. Larger was looked up on the observed EARL OF NORTHBROOK DEAD.

Was a Liberal and Had Held Many Gov-

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. London, Nov. 15.—Thomas George Baring, first Earl of Northbrook, died to-day.

The Earl of Northbrook was the son of the distinguished statesman Viscount Bar-ing, to whose title he succeeded in 1866. He was a Liberal in politics and had held office as First Lord of the Admiralty, Under Secretary for India and Governor General of India.







